New Jersey Turnpike Authority Financial Summary For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019

ACTUAL REVENUE - January - December	\$ 1,861,865,000
OPERATING EXPENSES	 529,962,000
Net Revenue	\$ 1,331,903,000
DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS	824,281,000
SPECIAL PROJECT RESERVE FUND	41,300,000
MAINTENANCE RESERVE FUND	131.468.000

The following un-audited results are for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019. Based upon these results, revenues will be sufficient to satisfy the requirements of the Authority's Bond Resolution. For the twelve months ending December 31, 2019, the Authority is projected to have a debt service coverage ratio of 1.62 and a total requirements coverage ratio of 1.33.

The Authority's total revenue for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 was \$1,861,865,000, which is \$28,460,000, or 1.6%, above the 2019 Budget. Toll revenue was \$1,612,252,000, which is \$6,352,000, or 0.4%, greater than the 2019 budget. Toll revenue is greater than budget primarily due to lower gas prices, and less severe winter weather. Gas prices averaged \$0.15/gallon lower in 2019 as compared to the same period in 2018. The increase in total revenue was also due in part to higher than anticipated miscellaneous revenue and income from investments. Miscellaneous revenue, which totaled \$17,118,000, was \$6,116,000 or 55.6% above the 2019 budget due in part to a \$1.0 million FEMA recovery for Winter Storm Quinn (March 2018), a \$1.2 million receipt for the Delaware River Turnpike Bridge insurance claim, and a \$1.3 million surplus land sale. Income from investments, which totaled \$37,727,000, was \$12,727,000 or 50.9% above the 2019 budget due to higher yields on investments due to an increase in short-term interest rates and higher invested balances.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, traffic on the New Jersey Turnpike increased 1.1% and toll revenue decreased 0.2% compared to the same period in 2018. Toll transactions increased primarily due to less severe winter weather, normal growth and lower gas prices. Toll revenue has slightly decreased due to the reopening of the Pulaski Skyway, offering customers shorter and less expensive trips. Toll revenue continues to be higher than projected. CDM Smith, the Authority's traffic engineering consultant, released a new toll revenue forecast study dated September 27, 2018. The actual results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 have exceeded CDM Smith's projections of a 1.4% decrease in traffic and a 0.6% decrease in revenue. Through December 2019, the *E-ZPass* usage rate on the New Jersey Turnpike was 86.9%, an increase from 85.9% for the same period in 2018.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, toll transactions on the Garden State Parkway decreased 0.8% and revenue increased 0.6% when compared to the same period in 2018. The increase in revenue is due mainly to less severe winter weather in 2019 compared to 2018 as well as normal growth and lower gas prices. Toll transactions decreased due to Interchange 145 (East Orange) being converted to one-way tolling on July 26th, 2018. Transactions are now only counted in one direction. When adjusting for one-way tolling, toll transactions would have increased by 1.1%. The actual results for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 were above CDM's projections of a decrease of 1.5% in toll transactions and an increase of 0.3% in toll revenue. Through December 2019, the *E-ZP* ass usage rate on the Garden State Parkway was 84.8%, an increase from 83.2% for the same period in 2018.

Operating expenses for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 were approximately \$529,962,000, which was 91.0% of the year-to-date budget. The Authority's operating expenses through December were under budget primarily due to lower than budgeted snow and severe weather costs. The Authority spent a total of \$36,326,000 for snow and severe weather costs in 2019, with \$23,474,000 spent from the operating expense budget and an additional \$12,852,000 spent from the General Reserve Fund. All snow and severe weather costs are charged to the operating expense budget except for declared state of emergency events, which are charged to the General Reserve Fund. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, snow and severe weather costs charged to operating expenses were approximately \$14,629,000 under budget.

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¹ These are un-audited results. Amounts and categories of revenue and expenses may change when audited.

Debt Service includes interest and principal payments on NJTA's outstanding debt. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, Debt Service totaled \$824,281,000 and included \$596,076,000 in interest payments and \$228,205,000 in principal payments. Debt Service is currently under budget primarily due to the Series 2019A bonds, as the budget assumes \$525 million for 12 months at 5% when only \$449 million was borrowed for 11 months at 4.55%.

The General Reserve Fund includes all contractual payments subordinate to bondholders and expenditures for any other corporate purpose. The General Reserve Fund expenses totaled \$214,038,000 and consisted primarily of \$154,000,000 for the State Transportation Projects Funding Agreement, \$22,000,000 for the Transportation Trust Fund, \$15,000,000 for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB), and \$12,852,000 for Extraordinary Events (state of emergency weather events).

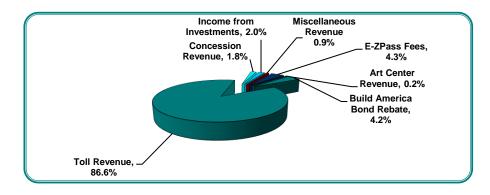
The Capital Budget, which is funded by revenue, consists of the Maintenance Reserve Fund, Special Project Reserve Fund, the Supplemental Capital Program, and the Passaic River Bridges Rehabilitation Program. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, total expenditures were approximately \$256,233,000. Expenditures included \$36,280,000 for Turnpike Resurfacing, \$31,271,000 for Turnpike Bridge Repairs, and \$22,129,000 for Parkway Bridge Repairs.

Total expenditures from the \$7 Billion Capital Improvement Program (CIP) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 were approximately \$211,626,000. Expenses included \$69,856,000 for the NBHCE Bridge Re-decking, \$38,396,000 for Turnpike and Parkway Interchange Improvements, and \$27,779,000 for the Authority's Phase I Facilities Improvements project. In addition to these expenditures, there are open contracts and commitments totaling approximately \$355,021,000. Total expenditures from the 2019 CIP for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 were approximately \$16,946,000. Expenses include \$4,876,000 for GSP Shoulder Widening from MP 30 to 35 and \$3,716,000 for Turnpike Bridge Fender Reconstruction. Both programs are funded from bond proceeds.

Comparison of Budgeted Revenues to Actual Revenues For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019

	Dudgeted	Unaudited
<u>-</u>	Budgeted	Actual
Toll Revenue	1,605,900,000	1,612,252,000
Concession Revenue	34,000,000	33,104,000
Income from Investments	25,000,000	37,727,000
Miscellaneous Revenue	11,002,000	17,118,000
Build America Bond Subsidy	76,602,000	76,725,000
Arts Center Revenue	3,401,000	4,610,000
E-ZPass Fees	77,500,000	80,329,000
Total Revenues	1,833,405,000	1,861,865,000

Actual Revenues for the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019



For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, total revenue was \$1,861,865,000, which was 1.6%, or \$28,460,000 above the 2019 Budget. The increase is due mostly to higher than expected toll revenue, miscellaneous revenue, and income from investments.

Toll revenue for the period was \$1,612,252,000 which was 0.4%, or \$6,352,000 greater than the 2019 Budget amount. Toll revenue was \$4,724,000 higher than the 2019 Budget amount on the New Jersey Turnpike and \$1,628,000 higher than the 2019 Budget amount on the Garden State Parkway.

Concession revenue consists of revenues generated through the sale of food, gasoline and convenience store items at the service areas located along both roadways. Concession revenue was \$33,104,000 which was \$896,000 or 2.6% below the 2019 Budget. Revenue was lower primarily due to the closure of three services areas for renovation. On the Turnpike, the and Alexander Hamilton and Richard Stockton service areas closed for renovation, and on the Parkway, the Forked River service area closed for renovation. The Authority receives 50% of the gross profit margin on all diesel fuel sold for both roadways. On the Turnpike, food sales decreased 3.8%, fuel sales decreased 14.3% and convenience store sales increased by 7.6% compared to last year. On the Garden State Parkway, food sales increased 5.4%, fuel sales decreased 9.2%, and convenience store sales increased 37.7% compared to the same period in 2018.

Investment earnings consist of income from invested operating revenues and reserve funds. Investment income was \$37,727,000, which was \$12,727,000 or 50.9% higher than the 2019 Budget. Income from investments increased as short-term interest rates increased in 2019 and the Authority's invested balances were higher than anticipated.

Miscellaneous revenue includes fees for cell tower rentals, towing, fiber optic leases, park & ride commissions, property rentals, and other items. Revenue for the period was \$17,118,000 which was \$6,116,000, or 55.6% higher than the 2019 Budget. Miscellaneous revenue was above the 2019 Budget levels due in part to a \$1,000,000 FEMA recovery for Winter Storm Quinn (June 2018), the receipt of an additional \$1,200,000 for the Delaware River Turnpike Bridge insurance claim and a \$1,300,000 surplus land sale.

The Build America Bond Subsidy is a direct payment from the U.S. Treasury to the Authority equaling about 32.6% of the interest payable on the Series 2009F and the Series 2010A Bonds for Federal Fiscal Year 2019 which began in September 2018. The subsidy received was \$76,725,000, which was \$123,000 higher than projected due to a lower than expected automatic federal deficit reduction spending cut in the subsidy for the current federal fiscal year.

Arts Center revenue consists of rent and naming rights for the PNC Bank Arts Center located in Holmdel. For the contractual twelve months ended December 31, 2019, revenue was \$4,610,000, which was higher than projected due to the PNC variable rent payment as well as the amortization of payments received from Live Nation related to the \$11 million Capital Reconstruction and Renovation Fund.

E-ZPass fees consist of monthly membership fees, transponder sales, return check fees, administrative fees, interest on prepaid accounts and monthly statement fees. Revenue of \$80,329,000 was \$2,829,000, or 3.7%, higher than the 2019 Budget. E-ZPass fees were above budget in part due to interest income earned on prepaid account balances and tag deposits. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, interest income is above budget and is up 37% from the same period in 2018 due to better returns on higher invested balances. In addition, monthly membership fees are above budget due to more new accounts opened than were expected.

New Jersey Turnpike Traffic & Revenue Comparison

For the Month of December 2019⁽¹⁾

	<u>Traffic</u>				
	December-19	December-18	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	19,087,000	19,093,000	0.0%		
Commercial Vehicles	2,820,000	2,726,000	3.4%		
Overall	21,907,000	21,819,000	0.4%		
Revenue					
	December-19	December-18	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	\$66,758,000	\$ 67,826,000	-1.6%		
Commercial Vehicles	29,747,000	29,664,000	0.3%		
Overall	\$ 96,505,000	\$ 97,490,000	-1.0%		
0.0. a	\$ 55,550,000	\$ 5.7.50,000	1.070		

(1) Includes un-audited data for the month.

For the month of December 2019, traffic on the New Jersey Turnpike increased 0.4% and toll revenue decreased 1.0% when compared to the same period in 2018. These results are ahead of CDM's projection of an increase of 0.1% for traffic and below CDM's projection of a decrease of 0.4% for revenue for the month of December 2019. Traffic was positively impacted by below average precipitation and an extra weekday which have more vehicles travelling the roadway as compared to weekend days. Revenue was negatively impacted by shorter trips taken.

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019⁽¹⁾

Traffic

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	December-19	December-18	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	233,454,000	230,497,000	1.3%		
Commercial Vehicles	34,318,000	34,252,000	0.2%		
Overall	267,772,000	264,749,000	1.1%		
<u>Revenue</u>					
	December-19	December-18	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	\$ 816,262,000	\$ 808,959,000	0.9%		
Commercial Vehicles	360,199,000	370,364,000	-2.7%		
YTD Toll Revenue	\$ 1,176,461,000	\$ 1,179,323,000	-0.2%		

⁽¹⁾ Includes un-audited data for the month.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, traffic increased 1.1% and toll revenue decreased 0.2% when compared to the same period in 2018. Traffic increased and revenue decreased primarily due to mild winter weather and low gas prices. Traffic increased and revenue decreased slightly despite the Pulaski Skyway reopening to two-way traffic on July 2nd, 2018, which would allow some traffic to leave the Turnpike for the free route. Results compare favorably to the CDM Smith's projections of a 1.4% decrease in traffic and a 0.6% decrease in revenue.

Electronic toll collection remains popular and overall usage rates continue to be strong. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, the *E-ZPass* usage rate for passenger cars was 85.9%, and for commercial vehicles was 93.7%. This resulted in an overall *E-ZPass* usage rate of 86.9%. The *E-ZPass* usage rate remains one of the highest in the region reflecting acceptance among commuters and frequent travelers of the *E-ZPass* brand and the convenience provided to the users throughout the Northeast.

Garden State Parkway Traffic & Revenue Comparison

For the Month of December 2019⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

<u>Traffic</u>					
December-19	December-18	% Change			
29,783,000	30,013,000	-0.8%			
428,000	381,000	12.3%			
30,211,000	30,394,000	-0.6%			
<u>Revenue</u>					
December-19	December-18	% Change			
\$32,433,000	\$ 32,844,000	-1.3%			
1,239,000	1,150,000	7.7%			
\$33,672,000	\$ 33,994,000	-0.9%			
	29,783,000 428,000 30,211,000 Revenue December-19 \$ 32,433,000 1,239,000	December-19 December-18 29,783,000 30,013,000 428,000 381,000 30,211,000 30,394,000 Revenue December-19 December-18 \$32,433,000 \$32,844,000 1,239,000 1,150,000			

⁽¹⁾ Includes un-audited data for the month.

For the month of December 2019, toll transactions on the Garden State Parkway decreased by 0.6% and toll revenue decreased by 0.9% when compared to December 2018. Both results are below CDM's projections of a 1.1% increase in traffic and a 1.5% increase in toll revenue. The decrease is due to a snow storm in December which resulted in a loss of transactions and revenue.

⁽²⁾ Includes the impacts of one-way tolling at interchange 145 since July 26th, 2018, as transactions are now only counted in one direction.

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Traffic

	December-19	December-18	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	381,110,000	384,509,000	-0.9%		
Commercial Vehicles	5,641,000	5,283,000	6.8%		
Overall	386,751,000	389,792,000	-0.8%		
Revenue					
	December-19	December-18	% Change		
Passenger Vehicles	\$ 418,853,000	\$ 416,633,000	0.5%		
Commercial Vehicles	16,938,000	16,371,000	3.5%		
YTD Toll Revenue	\$ 435,791,000	\$ 433,004,000	0.6%		

- (1) Includes un-audited data for the month.
- (2) Includes the impacts of one-way tolling at interchange 145 since July 26th, 2018, as transactions are now only counted in one direction.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, toll transactions on the Garden State Parkway decreased 0.8% and revenue increased 0.6% when compared to the same period in 2018. Toll transactions decreased due to Interchange 145 (East Orange) being converted to one-way tolling on July 26th, 2018. Transactions are now only counted in one direction. When adjusting for one-way tolling, toll transactions would have increased by 1.1%. Results compare favorably to CDM Smith's projections of a 1.5% decrease in traffic and a 0.3% increase in toll revenue.

E-ZPass remains popular on the Garden State Parkway as electronic toll collection continues to increase. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, the total *E-ZPass* usage rate was 84.8%, up from 83.2% in the same period in 2018. The E-ZPass usage rate for passenger cars was 84.7%, and for commercial vehicles was 92.1%.

Operating Expenses For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019

	2019 Annual Budget	YTD Expenses
Maintenance of roadway, buildings & equipment		
Maintenance	\$ 230,098,000	\$ 204,691,000
Engineering	10,822,000	10,302,000
Total Maintenance	240,920,000	214,993,000
Toll Collection Toll Collection	168,721,000	156,087,000
State Police & Traffic Control		
State Police	87,516,000	81,570,000
Operations	12,293,000	13,183,000
Total State Police and Traffic Control	99,809,000	94,753,000
Technology Information Technology Services	24,796,000	19,445,000
General & Administrative		
Executive Office	1,389,000	1,403,000
Law	11,165,000	9,105,000
Purchasing & Materials Management	7,914,000	7,916,000
Human Resources & Office Services	6,397,000	5,623,000
Finance	13,730,000	13,104,000
Patron & Customer Services	2,575,000	2,766,000
Internal Audit	4,654,000	4,767,000
Total General and Administrative	47,824,000	44,684,000
TOTAL OPERATING	\$ 582,070,000	\$ 529,962,000

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, operating expenses were approximately \$529,962,000, which was 91.0% of the annual budget. Operating expenses through December 2019 were under budget primarily due to lower than expected snow and severe weather costs charged to operating expenses. The Authority spent \$23,474,000 for snow and severe weather costs in its operating expense budget in 2019, which was approximately \$14,629,000 under budget. All snow and severe weather costs are charged to operating expenses except for declared state of emergency events, which are budgeted and charged to the General Reserve Fund. For 2019, the Authority charged \$12,852,000 to Extraordinary Events in its General Reserve Fund budget bringing total 2019 spending on snow to \$36,326,000. When excluding snow, the Authority was at 93.1% of its year-to-date operating expense budget. Lower than expected state police costs, due to trooper headcount being lower than the budget amount, contributed to operating expenses being under budget. Equipment maintenance and software costs are also under budget, as are credit card fees and claims settlements.

Debt Service

Debt Service includes interest and principal payments on NJTA's outstanding debt. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, Debt Service totaled \$824,281,000 and included \$596,076,000 in interest payments and \$228,205,000 in principal payments. Debt Service is currently under budget primarily due to Series 2015A Bonds and Series 2019A Bonds. Series 2015A is under budget as it is budgeted at 12% interest on the \$5 million unhedged portion of the bond. Series 2019A is under budget as the budget assumes a full year for \$525 million at 5% when only \$449 million was borrowed for 11 months at 4.55%.

General Reserve Fund

The General Reserve Fund includes all contractual payments subordinate to bondholders and expenditures for any other corporate purpose. The General Reserve Fund expenses totaled \$214,038,000 and consisted primarily of \$154,000,000 for the State Transportation Projects Funding Agreement, \$22,000,000 for the Transportation Trust Fund, \$15,000,000 for Other Post-Employment Benefits, and \$12,852,000 for Extraordinary Events (state of emergency weather events) Agreement. Spending from the General Reserve Fund decreased by \$28,155,000 in 2019 due to lower contractual payments under the State Transportation Projects Funding Agreement and lower spending on snow state of emergency events.

The Capital Budget currently includes the Maintenance Reserve Fund, the Special Project Reserve Fund, the Supplemental Capital Program, and the Passaic River Bridges Rehabilitation Program. Current or accumulated revenues are used to support these funds. The Maintenance Reserve Fund covers the routine upkeep of the Authority's roadways with projects that are directly related to the Turnpike System. These projects consist of major resurfacing, structural repairs, major bridge repairs, and painting. The Special Project Reserve Fund covers non-routine maintenance of the roadways and facilities.

These projects consist of, but are not limited to, improving the Authority's facilities and technology platform. The Supplemental Capital Fund generally covers roadway and facilities improvements, as well as major technology projects. The Passaic River Bridges Capital Program covers the rehabilitation of the 3 bridges that cross the Passaic River. expenditures from the 2019 Capital Improvement Program for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 were approximately \$16,946,000. Expenses include \$4,876,000 for GSP Shoulder Widening from MP 30 to 35 and \$3,716,000 for Turnpike Bridge Fender Reconstruction. In addition to these expenditures, there are open contracts and commitments totaling approximately \$52,457,000.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2019, total expenditures from the Capital Budget were approximately \$256,233,000. Expenditures included \$36,380,000 for Turnpike Resurfacing, \$31,271,000 for Turnpike Bridge Repairs, and \$22,129,000 for Parkway Bridge Repairs.

Capital Budget and Construction Fund Expenditures For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Maintenance Reserve	\$ 121,364,000	\$ 96,691,000
Special Project Reserve	40,193,000	35,594,000
Supplemental Capital	85,379,000	61,694,000
Passaic River Bridges Rehabilitation Program	 9,297,000	 1,953,000
Capital Budget Total	256,233,000	195,932,000
\$7 Billion Capital Improvement Program	211,626,000	263,535,000
2019 Capital Improvement Program	 16,946,000	 -
Total Spending	\$ 484,805,000	\$ 459,467,000

